

REMARKS

Applicants, by the amendments presented above and the arguments presented below, have made a concerted effort to present claims which clearly define over the prior art of record, and thus to place this case in condition for allowance. Claims 1-28 are currently pending. Claims 27 and 28 are newly added.

Claim Rejections - 35 U.S.C. §102

Claims 1 and 9 were rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by United States Patent No. 2,695,046 to Tinnerman III. Applicants traverse this rejection.

Claim 1 requires that the body of the cage member be “configured to engage the nut member such that the nut member is **suspended** off of said base portion.” (Emphasis added). According to Webster’s New World College Dictionary, 3d Ed., pages 1348-1349 (copy attached hereto), the word “suspend” is defined in pertinent part as: to hang by a support from above so as to allow free movement. In view of this definition, and that which Applicants intended in using the term “suspended” in claim 1, Applicants state that contrary to the Examiner’s assertion, Tinnerman III does not disclose or suggest that the body of the cage member (10) is configured to engage the nut member (N) such that the nut member (N) is suspended off of the base portion.

As discussed in Timmerman III, and as best illustrated in Figure 4, the extending spring fingers (18) engage and support the bottom of the nut (N) in spaced relation to the intumed flanges (17), with the top of the nut (N) being adjacent to the base or body portion (11) of the cage (10). Thus, neither the extending spring fingers (18) nor the intumed flanges (17) of the cage (10) are configured to “suspend” the nut member (N) off of the base portion (11) of the cage (10), or for that matter any other portion of the cage (10). Neither the

extending spring fingers (18) nor the inturned flanges (17) of the cage (10) hang the nut (N) by a support from above; as explained in Timmerman III, the nut (N) is supported at its bottom, not hung from around its top.

Applicants note that a minor amendment has been made to independent claim 1 which was not made in view of the Examiner's rejection to claim 1.

Applicants respectfully request reconsideration and allowance of independent claim 1. As Applicants have stated that independent claim 1 is in condition for allowance, and because claim 9 is dependent on independent claim 1, Applicants respectfully request reconsideration and allowance of dependent claim 9.

Claims 1 and 9 were rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by United States Patent No. 5,028,189 to Harley. Applicants traverse this rejection.

Claim 1 requires that the body of the cage member be "configured to engage the nut member such that the nut member is **suspended** off of said base portion." (Emphasis added). According to Webster's New World College Dictionary, 3d Ed., pages 1348-1349 (copy attached hereto), the word "suspend" is defined in pertinent part as: to hang by a support from above so as to allow free movement. In view of this definition, and that which Applicants intended in using the term "suspended" in claim 1, Applicants state that contrary to the Examiner's assertion, Harley does not disclose or suggest that the body of the cage member (2) is configured to engage the nut member (4) such that the nut member (4) is suspended off of the base portion (32).

As discussed in Harley, and as best illustrated in Figure 2, the nut (4) is retained within the cage (2) with the nut (4) and the cage (2) being fixed to one another by portions (6). Upon a fastener (22) being secured to the assembly of the cage (2) and nut (4), the nut

(4) and the cage (2) are separated from one another by portion (6) breaking off from either the nut (4), the cage (2) or both. Thus, in view of the definition of the term “suspend”, the portions (6) do not “suspend” the nut member (4) off of the base portion (32) of the cage (2), or for that matter any other portion of the cage (2). When the nut (4) is held up over the base portion (32) by the portions (6), which are secured to the cage (2), the nut (4) is not hung from above so as to allow free movement of the nut (4) such that the nut (4) is not “suspended”. The nut (4) is only allowed free movement once the portions (6) are broken, but, obviously, once the portions (6) are broken, the nut (4) will not be hung from the cage (2) such that the nut (4) is not “suspended”.

Applicants note that a minor amendment has been made to independent claim 1 which was not made in view of the Examiner’s rejection to claim 1.

Applicants respectfully request reconsideration and allowance of independent claim 1. As Applicants have stated that independent claim 1 is in condition for allowance, and because claim 9 is dependent on independent claim 1, Applicants respectfully request reconsideration and allowance of dependent claim 9.

Allowable Subject Matter

The Examiner indicated that claims 2-8 were objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but further indicated that these claims would be allowable if rewritten in independent form to include all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims. Applicants agree with the Examiner that these claims would be in condition for allowance if rewritten in independent form to include all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims, but has not amended claims 2-8 accordingly at this time in view of Applicants statement that independent claim 1 (from which claims 2-8 all ultimately

depend) is in condition for allowance in view of the foregoing remarks with regard to independent claim 1 and in view of the minor amendment made to independent claim 1. Therefore, Applicants respectfully request reconsideration and allowance of claims 2-8 as they are dependent upon independent claim 1, which Applicant states is in condition for allowance.

The Examiner indicated that claims 10-26 were allowed. Applicants agree that these claims are allowable in view of the prior art cited, but Applicant has made amendments to independent claims 10 and 22 and in view of the amendments to independent claims 10 and 22, has made amendments to dependent claims 14, 24 and 26 and has added new claims 27 and 28.

Independent claim 10 was amended to remove the specific structure of the nut member as Applicants state that such specific structure is not germane to the allowance of independent claim 10 in view of the remarks recited above with regard to independent claim 1. Applicants note that a minor amendment has been made to independent claim 10 to include the phrase “at least partially therethrough” which was not made in view of any rejection or comment made by the Examiner.

Applicants have added new claim 27 to recite the specific structure of the nut member, which was deleted from independent claim 10 and, in view of the specific structure of the nut member now being in new dependent claim 27, dependent claim 14 was amended to be dependent on new dependent claim 27. Applicants note that claims 14 and 27 have also removed reference to the member which connects the first plate to the second plate being a cylindrical member, as Applicants state that such a limitation as to the specific structure of the member is unnecessary.

Applicants have also made a minor amendment to dependent claim 18.

Independent claim 22 was amended to remove the specific structure of the nut member as Applicants state that such specific structure is not germane to the allowance of independent claim 22 in view of the remarks recited above with regard to independent claim 1. Applicants note that a minor amendment has been made to independent claim 22 to include the phrase “at least partially therethrough” which was not made in view of any rejection or comment made by the Examiner.

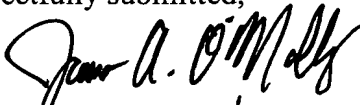
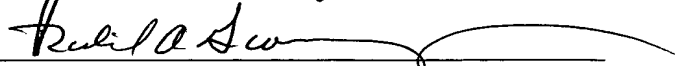
Applicants have added new claim 28 to recite the specific structure of the nut member, which was deleted from independent claim 22 and, in view of the specific structure of the nut member now being in new dependent claim 28, dependent claims 24 and 26 were amended to be dependent on new dependent claim 28. Applicants note that claim 28 has also removed reference to the member which connects the first plate to the second plate being a cylindrical member, as Applicants state that such a limitation as to the specific structure of the member is unnecessary.

In view of the foregoing, Applicants respectfully request reconsideration and allowance of claims 10-26 and consideration and allowance of claims 27 and 28.

In view of the above Amendments and Remarks, Applicants respectfully submit that the claims of the application are allowable over the rejections of the Examiner. Should the Examiner have any questions regarding this Amendment, the Examiner is invited to contact one of the undersigned attorneys at (312) 704-1890.

Respectfully submitted,

Date: July 12, 2008

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THIRD EDITION

etc. 4 a) to cause by some unexpected action to do or say something unintended / to surprise someone into an admission / b) to bring out or elicit by such means / to surprise an admission from someone / — *n.* 1 [Now Rare] the act of surprising or taking unawares 2 an unexpected seizure or attack 3 the state of being surprised; feeling aroused by something unusual or unexpected; wonder or astonishment 4 something that surprises because unexpected, unusual, etc. — *take by surprise* 1 to come upon suddenly or without warning 2 to amaze; astound — *surpris'edly adv.* — *surpris'er n.*

SYN. — surprise, in this connection, implies an affecting with wonder because of being unexpected, unusual, etc. I'm surprised at your concern; astonish implies a surprising with something that seems unbelievable (to astonish with sleight of hand); amaze suggests an astonishing that causes bewilderment or confusion (amazed at the sudden turn of events); astound suggests a shocking astonishment that leaves one helpless to act or think (I was astounded by the proposal); flabbergasted is a colloquial term suggesting an astounding to the point of speechlessness

sur-pris-ing (-in) *adj.* causing surprise; amazing — *sur-pris'ingly adv.*

sur-real (sar rē'al, sē-, rē'l) *adj.* [back-form. < fol.] 1 of, related to, or characteristic of surrealism 2 bizarre; fantastic; grotesque

sur-real-ism (-iz-əm) *n.* [Fr *surréalisme*; see *SUR-* & *REALISM*] a modern movement in art and literature, in which an attempt is made to portray or interpret the workings of the unconscious mind as manifested in dreams: it is characterized by an irrational, fantastic arrangement of material — *sur-real-is'tic adj.* — *sur-real-ist adj.*, *n.* — *sur-real-is'tically adv.*

sur-rebut-ter (sarri but'er) *n.* Law a plaintiff's reply to a defendant's rebutter

sur-rejoinder (-ri join'dər) *n.* Law a plaintiff's reply to a defendant's rejoinder

surrender (sə ren'dər, sər ren'dər) *vt.* [ME *surrendren* < MFr *surrendre* < *sur-*, up (see *SUR-*) + *rendre*, to RENDER] 1 to give up possession of or power over; yield to another on demand or compulsion 2 to give up claim to; give over or yield, esp. voluntarily, as in favor of another 3 to give up or abandon [surrendering all hope] 4 to yield or resign (oneself) to an emotion, influence, etc. — *vi.* 1 to give oneself up to another's power or control, esp. as a prisoner 2 to give in (to) [to surrender to temptation] — *n.* [LME < MFr *surrendre*, inf. used as *n.*] 1 the act of surrendering, yielding, or giving up, over, or in 2 Insurance the voluntary abandonment of a policy by an insured person in return for a cash payment (surrender value), thus freeing the company of liability

sur-rep-titious (sar'ep-tish'as) *adj.* [ME *surreptitious* < L *surrepticius* < *surreptus*, pp. of *surripere*, to take away secretly < *sub-* (see *SUB-*) + *rapere*, to seize (see *RAPE*)] 1 done, gotten, made, etc. in a secret, stealthy way; clandestine 2 acting in a secret, stealthy way — *SYN.* SECRET — *sur-rep-titiously adv.* — *sur-rep-titious-ness n.*

sur-rey (sar'ē) *n.*, *pl.* -reys [< *Surrey* (cart), a light pleasure cart first built in *SURREY*] ★ a light, four-wheeled pleasure carriage of the late 19th and early 20th cent., usually drawn by two horses and typically having two seats and a flat top

Surrey (sar'ē), Earl of (Henry Howard) c. 1517-47; Eng. poet & courtier; executed for treason

Sur-rey: (sar'ē) county of SE England: 638 sq. mi. (1,652 sq. km); pop. 1,014,000

sur-ro-ga-cy (sar'ə gə sē) *n.*, *pl.* -cies 1 the fact or condition of being a surrogate 2 the act or practice of utilizing a surrogate mother to conceive and bear a child

sur-ro-gate (sar'ə git, -gāt; for *v.*, -gāt) *n.* [L *surrogatus*, pp. of *surrogare*, to elect in place of another, substitute < *sub-* (see *SUB-*) + *rogare*, to ask; see *ROGATION*] 1 a deputy or substitute ★2 in some States, probate court, or a judge of this court 3 Psychiatry a substitute figure, esp. a person of some authority, who replaces a father or mother in one's feelings 4 a woman who substitutes for another unable to become pregnant, as by undergoing artificial insemination: in full surrogate mother — *adj.* of or acting as a surrogate — *vt.* -gated, -gating to put in another's place as a substitute or deputy

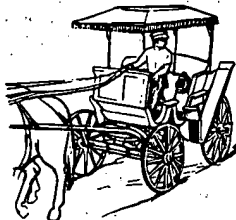
sur-round (sə round', sər round') *vt.* [ME *surrounden*, altered (as if < *sur-*, *SUR-* + *round*) < *surunden*, to overflow < OFr *suronder* < LL *surundare* < L *super-* (see *SUPER-*) + *undare*, to move in waves, rise < *unda*, a wave (see *WATER*)] 1 to cause to be encircled on all or nearly all sides [police surrounded the house] 2 a) to form an enclosure around; encompass [a wall surrounds the city] b) to be present on all or nearly all sides of; encircle [lush fields surround the cottage] 3 to enclose (a fort, military unit, etc.) with troops so as to cut off communication or retreat; invest — *n.* [Chiefly Brit., etc.] something serving as a border, etc.

sur-round-ing (-round'in) *n.* 1 that which surrounds 2 [pl.] the things, conditions, influences, etc. that surround a given place or person; environment — *adj.* that surrounds

sur-sum corda (sar'sam kōr'də) [L, lift up (your) hearts: opening words of the Preface of the Mass] an incitement to fervor, joy, etc.

sur-tax (sar'taks; for *v.*, also sar'taks) *n.* [SUR- + *TAX*, based on Fr *surtaxe*] an extra tax on something already taxed; esp. a graduated tax on the amount by which an income exceeds a given figure — *vt.* to levy a surtax on

sur-tout (sar tōt', -tōt'; Fr *sür tōt*) *n.* [Fr. lit., overall < *sur-* (see



SURREY

SUR- + *tout* < L *totus*, all: see *TOTAL*] a man's long, close-fitting overcoat of the late 19th cent.

surv 1 survey 2 surveying 3 surveyor

sur-veil-lance (sar vā'lans; occas., -vā'yans) *n.* [Fr *surveillance*, to watch over < *sur-* (see *SUR-*) + *veiller* < L *vigilare*, to watch, WAKE] 1 a close watch kept over someone, esp. a suspect b) constant observation of a place or process 2 supervision or inspection

sur-veil-lant (-vā'lant; occas., -vā'yant) *n.* a person who watches, observes, or supervises

sur-vey (sar vā'; also, and for *n.* usually, sar vā') *vt.* [ME *surveien* < Anglo-Fr *surveier* < OFr *surveoir* < *sur-* (see *SUR-*) + *veoir* < L *videre*, to see; see *VISION*] 1 to examine for some specific purpose 2 to inspect or consider carefully; review in detail 3 to look at for consideration, esp. in a general or comprehensive way; view 3 to determine the location, form, or boundaries of (a tract of land) by measuring the lines and angles in accordance with the principles of geometry and trigonometry 4 to make a survey of — *vi.* to survey land

-veys 1 a detailed study or inspection, as by gathering information through observations, questionnaires, etc. and analyzing it 2 a general view; comprehensive study or examination [a survey of Italian art] 3 a) the process of surveying a tract of land b) a tract surveyed c) a plan or written description of this

sur-vey-ing (sar vā'in) *n.* 1 the act of one who surveys 2 the science or work of making land surveys

sur-veyor (-ar) *n.* [ME *surveior* < OFr *surveoir*] a person who surveys, esp. one whose work is surveying land

surveyor's level an instrument consisting of a revolving telescope mounted on a tripod and fitted with cross hairs and a spirit level, used by surveyors in finding points of identical elevation

surveyor's measure a system of measurement used in surveying, based on the chain (surveyor's chain) as a unit: see *CHAIN* (n. 5a)

sur-viv-a-ble (sar vīv'ə b'l) *adj.* capable of surviving or being survived — *sur-viv-a-bil-ity n.*

sur-vi-val (sar vī'val) *n.* 1 the act, state, or fact of surviving 2 someone or something that survives, esp. an ancient belief, custom, usage, etc.

sur-vi-val-ist (-ist) *n.* 1 someone strongly determined to survive 2 a person who takes measures, as storing food and weapons, living in a wilderness, etc., to ensure survival after an expected economic collapse, nuclear war, etc.

survival of the fittest nontechnical term for NATURAL SELECTION

sur-vive (sar vīv') *vt.* -vived', -viv'ing [ME *surviven* < OFr *survivre* < L *supervivere* < *super-*, above (see *SUPER-*) + *vivere*, to live (see *BIO-*)] 1 to live or exist longer than or beyond the life or existence of; outlive 2 to continue to live after or in spite of [to survive a wreck] — *vi.* to continue living or existing, as after an event or after another's death

sur-vi-vor (-ar) *n.* 1 a person or thing that survives 2 someone capable of surviving changing conditions, misfortune, etc. *sur-vi-vor-ship* (-vīv'ər ship) *n.* 1 the state of being a survivor 2 Law the right of a surviving joint owner or owners to the share of an owner who dies

SUS- (sus, səs) *prefix* SUB- Used before *c*, *p*, and *t* [susceptible; suspend; sustain]

Susa (sōō'sā) capital of ancient Elam, now a ruined city in W. Iran

Su-san (sōō'zan) [Fr *Susanne* < LL(Ec) *Susanna* < Gr(Ec) *Sousanna* < Heb *shoshana*, lily] a feminine name: dim. *Sue*; *Suzie*; *Suzi*; var. *Susanna*, *Susannah*; equiv. Fr. *Susanne*, *Suzanne*

Su-san-na or *Su-san-nah* (sōō'zan'ə) a feminine name. See *SUSAN*

sus-cep-tance (sə sep'tans) *n.* [< fol. + -ANCE] Elec. the reactance divided by the square of the impedance: loosely, the reciprocal of reactance

sus-cep-tibil-ity (sə sep'tə bil'ə tē) *n.*, *pl.* -ties [ML *susceptibilitas*] 1 the quality or state of being susceptible 2 [pl.] sensibilities; feelings 3 a susceptible temperament or disposition; capacity for receiving impressions 4 Physics the ratio of electric or magnetic polarization in a material to the strength of the field producing that polarization

sus-cep-tible (sə sep'tə bəl) *adj.* [ML *susceptibilis* < L *susceptus*, pp. of *suscipere*, to receive, undertake < *sub-* (see *SUB-*), under, + *capere*, to take (see *HAVE*)] easily affected emotionally; having a sensitive nature or feelings — *susceptible* of that gives a chance for admitting; allowing [testimony susceptible of error] — *susceptible* to easily influenced by or affected with [susceptible to disease] — *sus-cep-tible-ness n.* — *sus-cep-tibly adv.*

sus-cep-tive (sə sep'tiv) *adj.* [ML *susceptivus*] 1 SUSCEPTIBLE 2 RECEPTIVE — *sus-cep-tiv-ity* (sus'ep tiv'ə tē) or *sus-cep-tive-ness n.*

su-shi (sōō'shē) *n.* [Jpn] a Japanese dish consisting of small cakes of cold cooked rice flavored with vinegar, typically garnished with strips of raw or cooked fish, cooked egg, vegetables, etc.

sus-lik (sus'lik) *n.* [Russ. gopher, akin to OSlav *sytski*, to whistle; buzz < IE echoic base **sūs-* > Ger *sausen*, to whistle] 1 a small ground squirrel (*Citellus citellus*) of NC Eurasia 2 its fur

sus-pect (sə spekt'; for *adj.* usually, & for *n.* always, sus'pekt') *vt.* [LME *suspecten* < L *suspectus*, pp. of *suspiciere*, to look under, look up to, admire, also to mistrust < *sub-* (see *SUB-*), under + *spicere*, to look (see *SPY*)] 1 to believe (someone) to be guilty of something specified, on little or no evidence 2 to believe to be bad, wrong, harmful, questionable, etc.; distrust 3 to think it probable or likely; guess; surmise; suppose — *vi.* to be suspicious; have suspicion — *adj.* viewed with suspicion; suspected — *n.* a person who is suspected, esp. one suspected of a crime, etc.

sus-pend (sə spend') *vt.* [ME *suspenden* < OFr *suspendre* < L *suspendere*, to hang up < *sub-*, for *sub-*, SUB- + *pendere*, to hang; see *PEND*] 1 to bar or exclude as a penalty from an office, school, position, etc., usually for a specified time; debar 2 to cause to cease or become inoperative for a time; stop temporarily [to suspend train

service, to sus-
suspense, etc.)
movement-5
etc.] in super
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temporarily 2
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temporary stop
ing, as of rules
back of a judge
from which son
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Chem. a) the c
through a fluid
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(cf. COLLOID) b
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series of dots,
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word, phrase, s
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pends, defers,
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cells that forces
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suspension-sory (-s
suspending, sup
age) 2 suspendi
cated — *n.*, *pl.* -
fabric pouch for
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organs; esp., a li
suspension — s
OFr *suspecon* <
with sense and
suspiciere, to loo
the act or an
etc., with little o
mind of a perso
suggestion; inkli
suspicion not t
basis of suspicio
suspicious (-as
arousing or lik
expressing suspi
suspect, esp. i
ness *n.*
suspense (sa spir')
breathe out < su
deep breath; esp.
Sus-que-hanna
of an Iroquoian
guage < name of
from central N.Y.
(715 km)
suss (sus) *vt.* [sh
Cdn)] to figure
intuition; often v
Sus-sex (sus'iks)*

service, to suspend a rule/ 3 a) to defer or hold back (judgment), as until more is known b) to hold in abeyance or defer action on (a sentence, etc.) 4 to hang by a support from above so as to allow free movement 5 to hold or keep (dust in the air, particles in a liquid, etc.) in suspension 6 (Now Rare) to keep in suspense, wonder, etc. 7 Music to continue (a note) into the following chord —vt. 1 to stop temporarily 2 to withhold payment of debts or obligations, as through inability to pay —SYN. EXCLUDE, ADJOURN

suspended animation (sə spen'did) a temporary cessation of the vital functions resembling death

suspenders (-dərz) *n. pl.* 1 a pair of straps or bands passed over the shoulders to hold up the trousers or a skirt 2 [Brit., etc. (exc. Cdn.)] garters for holding up stockings

suspense (sə spens') *n.* [ME < MFr *suspens*, *suspense*, delay, deferring < ML *suspensum* < L *suspensus*, suspended, uncertain, lit., hung up, pp. of *suspendere*, to suspend] 1 the state of being undecided or undetermined 2 a state of usually anxious uncertainty, as in awaiting a decision 3 the growing interest and excitement felt while awaiting a climax or resolution, as of a novel, play, series of events, etc. 4 [Rare] suspension or interruption, as of a legal right

suspenseful *adj.*

suspense account *Bookkeeping* an account in which items are temporarily entered until their disposition can be determined

suspension (sə spen'shən) *n.* [ML *suspensio* < LL, an arching < L *suspensus*: see *SUSPENSE*] 1 a suspending or being suspended; specif., a) a temporary barring from an office, school, etc. b) a temporary stoppage of payment, service, etc. c) a temporary canceling, as of rules d) a deferring of action on a sentence e) a holding back of a judgment, etc. 2 a supporting device or framework upon or from which something is suspended 3 the system of springs, shocks, etc. supporting a vehicle upon its undercarriage or axles 4 the act or means of suspending the balance or pendulum in a timepiece 5 Chem. a) the condition of a substance whose particles are dispersed through a fluid but not dissolved in it, esp. the condition of one having relatively large particles that will separate out on standing (cf. COLLOID) b) a substance in this condition 6 Music a) the continuing of one or more tones of one chord into a following chord while the other tones are changed, so that a temporary dissonance is created b) the tone or tones so continued

suspension bridge a bridge suspended from chains or cables which are anchored at either end and supported by towers at regular intervals

suspension point any of a series of dots, properly three, indicating the omission of a word, phrase, sentence, etc., as from something quoted

suspensive (sə spen'siv) *adj.* [ML *suspensivus*] 1 that suspends, defers, or temporarily stops something 2 tending to suspend judgment; undecided 3 of, characterized by, expressing, or in suspense 4 [Rare] of or characterized by physical suspension —**suspensively** *adv.*

suspension-aid (-soid') *n.* [SUSPENSION + (COLLOID)] a system of solid, colloidal particles suspended in a liquid

suspension-sar (-sar) *n.* [ML] 1 SUSPENSORY 2 Bot. a cell or group of cells that forces the embryo of a higher plant into its food supply, the endosperm

suspensory (-sə rē) *adj.* [L *suspensus* (see *SUSPENSE*) + -ORY] 1 suspending, supporting, or sustaining (a suspensory muscle or bandage) 2 suspending or delaying, esp. so as to leave something undecided —*n., pl. -ries* 1 a suspensory muscle or bandage 2 a mesh fabric pouch for supporting the scrotum, on a band around the hips

suspensory ligament any of various ligaments supporting body organs; esp., a ligament supporting the lens of the eye

suspicion (sə spish'ən) *n.* [ME *suspicion* < Anglo-Fr *suspeicion* < OFr *suspeçon* < LL *suspicio*, orig., a looking up to, esteeming, later with sense and sp. of L *suspicio*, suspicion < L *suspensus*, pp. of *suspensere*, to look up to, admire, look secretly at, mistrust, suspect] 1 the act or an instance of suspecting guilt, a wrong, harmfulness, mind of a person who suspects 3 a very small amount or degree; suspicion; inkling; trace —*vt.* [Colloq. or Dial.] to suspect —**above** basis of suspicion; because suspected —**under** suspicion suspected

suspicious (-əs) *adj.* [ME *suspicious* < OFr < L *suspiciosus*] 1 arousing or likely to arouse suspicion in others 2 showing or expressing suspicion 3 a) feeling suspicion b) tending habitually to suspect, esp. to suspect evil —**suspiciously** *adv.* —**suspicious-**

suspire (sə spīr') *vi.* -pired', -pir'ing [ME *suspiren* < L *suspire*, to breathe out < sub-, sub- + *spirare*: see *SPIRIT*] [Rare] to take a long, deep breath; esp., to sigh —**suspiration** (sə spī rā'shən) *n.*

Susquehanna (sus'kwē han'ə) [Creek < Sp *San Juan*, name of a Sp mission on the river] river flowing from the Okefenokee Swamp across N Fla. into the Gulf of Mexico: c. 250 mi. (402 km)

su-ze-rain (sū'zə rin', -rān') *n.* [Fr < *sus*, above < L *susum*, sursum, upward, above (contr. of *subversum* < sub-, sub- + *versum*, a turning < pp. of *vertere*; see *VERSE*) + ending of *souverain*, SOVEREIGN] 1 a

at, ate, cār; ten, ēve; is, ice; gō, hōrn, look, tōōl; oil, out; up, far, a for unstressed vowels, as in ago, u in focus; ' as in Latin (lat'n); chin; she; zh as in azure (azh'ar); thin, the; ŋ as in ring (rīŋ) In etymologies: * = unattested; < = derived from; > = from which

★ = Americanism

SUV sport utility vehicle

Suva (sūv'vā) capital of the Fiji Islands: seaport on Viti Levu Island: pop. 71,000

Su-vo-rov (sū vō'rōv), Count Alek-san-dr (Vasilievich) (ā'lyik sān' dr') 1729-1800; Russ. field marshal

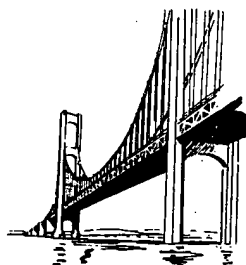
Su-wan-nee (sū wā'nē, swā'-) [Creek < Sp *San Juan*, name of a Sp mission on the river] river flowing from the Okefenokee Swamp across N Fla. into the Gulf of Mexico: c. 250 mi. (402 km)

su-ze-rain (sū'zə rin', -rān') *n.* [Fr < *sus*, above < L *susum*, sursum, upward, above (contr. of *subversum* < sub-, sub- + *versum*, a turning < pp. of *vertere*; see *VERSE*) + ending of *souverain*, SOVEREIGN] 1 a

at, ate, cār; ten, ēve; is, ice; gō, hōrn, look, tōōl; oil, out; up, far, a for unstressed vowels, as in ago, u in focus; ' as in Latin (lat'n); chin; she; zh as in azure (azh'ar); thin, the; ŋ as in ring (rīŋ) In etymologies: * = unattested; < = derived from; > = from which

★ = Americanism

Suth-seaxe (sūth'seaks) [ME *Suth-seaxe* < OE *Suth-Seaxe*, South Saxon



SUSPENSION BRIDGE

T U

VW XZ